

Child Safe Tourism in Myanmar

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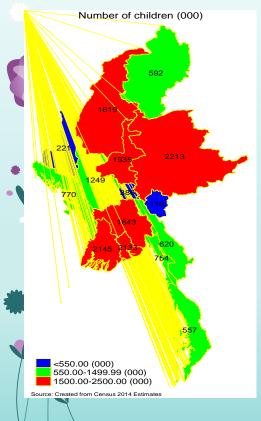






Key facts about children in Myanmar





- National population 51.4 million (Myanmar 's 2014 Census Report)
- More than 17 million children 34.2% of the population





Existing child protection concerns



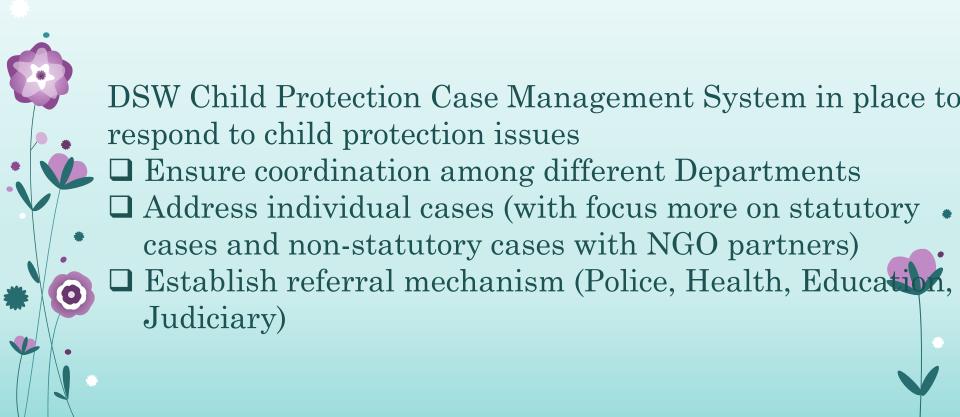
- Myanmar became a signatory country to the Convention on the Rights of The Child (CRC) in 1991
- Child Law was developed in 1993 followed by Rules & Regulations in 2001

Key child protection issues:

- Sexual exploitation
- Child Labor (under 15)
- Child trafficking
- Child Solider
- Children deprived of parental care (children in institutions)



Existing Protection Measures



Help Line and Hot Line in Yangon and Nay Pyi Taw







Hot Line (Nay Pyi Taw)

Cases occur

Public Relation Corner School teachers

Health care

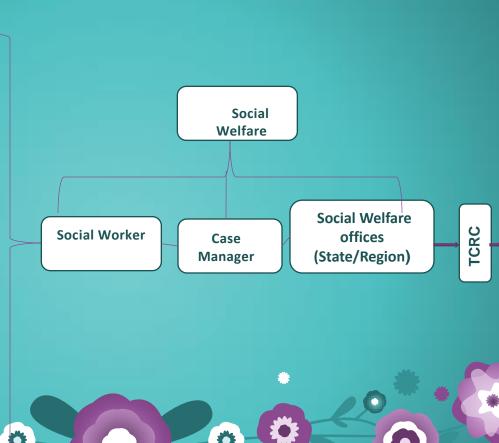
Myanmar Police Force

Community Social Workers

Community people

Family members

Others





Partnership

- 1. Department of Social Welfare, Ministry of Social Welfare, Relief and Resettlement
- 2. UNICEF
- 3. The Code (Thailand)
- 4. Myanmar Responsible Tourism Institute
- 5. Child Fund
- 6. The Foundation Terre des Homes
- 7. Japan Heart
- 8. Save the Children
- 9. World Vision
- 10. Plan International





Initiatives on Child Safe Tourism



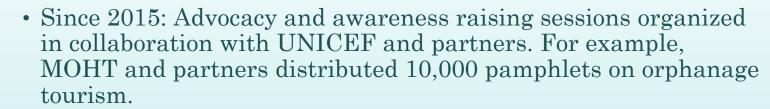
In 2013: Responsible Tourism Policy adopted with focus on protection and prevention of orphanage and child sex tourism

In 2013: Myanmar Tourism Master Plan published-raising awareness of the prevention of sex tourism and human exploitation in the tourism industry

In 2014: National Forum on prevention of family separation was held to promote awareness on child safe tourism



Initiatives on child safe tourism

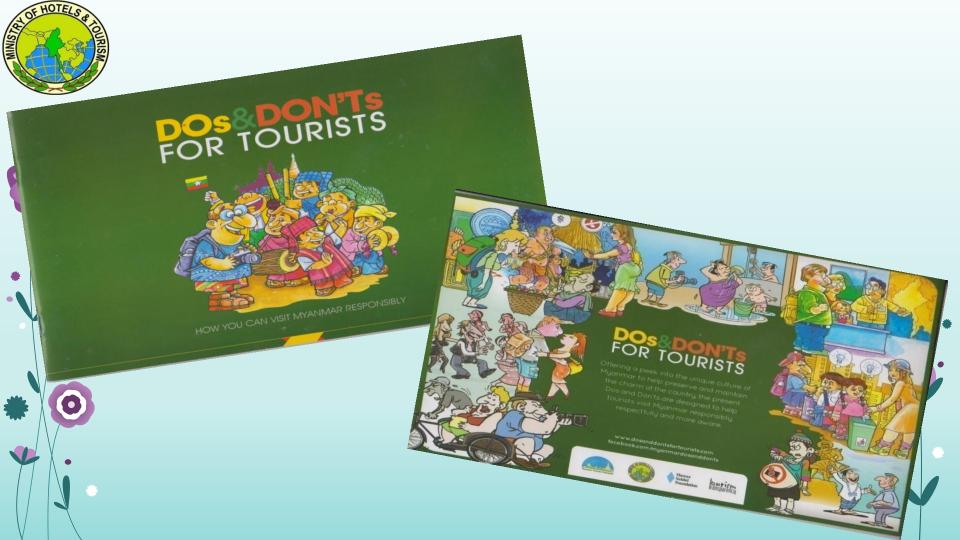


• Trainings were conducted at national and regional level on child protection, orphanage and child sex tourism for regional/national licensed tour guides, hotel staff and members of Myanmar Tour Guide Association as well as private sector.













Since 2014: Public awareness raising on. "Children are not tourist attractions" pamphlets were developed and distributed to tourists. Articles for national airlines' inflight magazines.



What's next?

- To continue advocating key stakeholders for better understanding on the impact of tourism on children, the need for responsible and child safe tourism in Myanmar
- To strengthen law enforcement to monitor the movement of child sex offenders both local and foreigners - by collaborating and sharing information with relevant authorities from respective countries
- To generate more data and evidence for developing evidence based policies and programs: (i) situation of children in travel, tourism and online; (ii) survey on current situation of orphanage tourism in tourist hot spot areas
- To continue disseminating pamphlet on orphanage tourism with seven more languages: Japanese, German, Thai, Korean, French, Chinese, Bahasa/Malaysian
- To ensure all business, particularly T & T sectors meet their responsibility to respect children's rights and commit to supporting the rights of children in Myanmar
- To focus on environment and economic returns on investment including potential social consequences with particular focus on local families and children





Thank You

